**DYNACOMP** 

## **CRYSTALS**

**ATARI** 24 K

## CRYSTALS\*

(C) 1981 by DYNACOMP, Inc. 1427 Monroe Ave. Rochester, NY 14618

CRYSTALS generates an endless variety of colorful symmetrical designs on your Atari computer. The displays are constructed by randomly generating four complex waveforms, thus insuring unique designs each time. The program plots over 6000 points in graphics mode 8 (Hi-rez) per display, to form a symmetrical multi-color design; playing "music" as it goes along.

## <u>USEFUL VARIABLES</u> (See Program Code)

RA - Determines the maximum "spin" of the summed sinwaves.

F1-F8 - Individual "spin" characteristics (frequency).

A1X-A2Y - Maximum screen X & Y values (amplitude).

Z1-Z8 - Initialized to to random start point degrees.

X - (Lines 310-340) determines point differential along the individual sinwaves.

ST - (Line 1050) number of points to be plotted between end points E(P) and Q(P).

## BASIC ALGORITHM

Determine a point (T1) along the sinwave described as sin((ZN+X)\*FN) where ZN is a constant between  $\emptyset-36\emptyset^0$ ; X represents a  $\emptyset.6^0$  step and FN is the frequency.

Repeat above step generating a "T2".

Multiply T1 and T2 ( $3UM \le 1.0$ ); add quadrant separation (in this case 0.4); normalize to less than or equal to 1 by dividing by (1.4) and multiply by the maximum screen window size; and perform an absolute function to avoid quadrant overlap. NOTE: The multiplication of T1 and T2 generates a complex waveform.

These steps are repeated 4 times, generating 2 X-values and 2 Y-values.

The program then computes a line (standard MX+B) between the two end points; calculates the number of points along this ray (# of points determined by the division constant at Line 1050) and plots symmetrically about the screen center axis.

In Lines 4000-4090 the X & Y values are reversed and plotted as a scroll in each corner of the display.

<sup>\*</sup> Program Code (C) 1981 by Douglas McFarland, Fairport, NY.

```
1888 REM CALCULATE LINE
1 GOSUB 9000
                                                 1010 K=P-1
2 DEG
                                                 1020 FOR P=1 TO K
3 POKE 54018,52
                                                 1030 M=(W(P)-R(P))/(Q(P)-E(P))
5 RA=12:1=RA/2
                                                 1040 B=W(P)-M%Q(P)
20 DIM 0(80),W(80),E(80),R(80)
                                                 1050 ST=(E(P)-Q(P))/20
30 POKE 77/0
                                                1065 IF Q(P)=E(P) THEN Q(P)=Q(P)+1:GOTO
143 A1X=150:A2X=150:A1Y=95:A2Y=95
                                                 1030
144 F1=RAXRND(1)-I:F2=RAXRND(1)-I
                                                1066 FR=INT(155%RND(1))+100
145 F5=RAXRNO(1)-1:F6=RAXRNO(1)-I
                                                1067 SOUND 0,FR,10,2:SOUND 1,FR+1,10,2
147 F7=RAXRMD(1)-I:F8=RAXRMD(1)-I
                                                1070 GOSUB 1500
148 F3=RAXRMD(1)-I:F4=RAXRMD(1)-I
                                                1080 NEXT P
170 COSUB 300
                                                1085 FOR XX=1 TO 400:NEXT XX
186 TINT=0
                                                1086 SOUND 0,0,0,0:SOUND 1,0,0,0
188 GRAPHICS 24
                                                1090 RETURN
189 LUM=0
                                                1500 FOR X=Q(P) TO E(P) STEP ST
190 SETCOLOR 1.TINT.15:SETCOLOR 2.TINT.L
                                                1510 Y=11XX+B
UH
                                                 1520 PLOT 160+X,96+Y
200 SETCOLOR 4, TINT, LUM
                                                 1530 PLOT 160+X,96-Y
205 COLOR 1
                                                1540 PLOT 160-X,96-Y
1550 PLOT 160-X,96+Y
206 GOSUB 4000
210 GOSUB 1000
                                                1560 NEXT X
270 GOTO 30
                                                1570 RETURN
300 REM
                                                4999 N=P
384 P=0
                                                4010 K=P-1
305 Z1=INT(361%RND(1)):Z2=INT(361%RND(1)
                                                4020 FOR P=1 TO K
                                                4930 PLOT E(P), W(P)
306 Z3=INT(361%RND(1)):Z4=INT(361%RND(1)
                                                4035 PLOT Q(P),R(P)
                                                4040 PLOT E(P), 191-W(P)
307 V=361%RND(1)
                                                4045 PLOT Q(P),191-R(P)
                                                4050 PLOT 319-E(P),191-W(P)
4055 PLOT 319-Q(P),191-R(P)
4060 PLOT 319-E(P),W(P)
4065 PLOT 319-Q(P),R(P)
309 Z7=INT(361%RND(1)):Z8=INT(361%RND(1)
310 FOR X=V TO V+47 STEP 0.6
                                                4070 NEXT P
315 T1=SIM((21+X)%F1):T2=SIM((25+X)%F5)
                                                4080 P=N
320 Q(P)=ASS((A1X%(T1%T2+6.4)/1.4))
                                                4090 RETURN
321 T1=SIN((22+X)%F2):T2=SIN((26+X)%F6)
                                               9000 DIM CR$(1):CR$=CHR$(155)
322 W(P)=A58((A1Y%(T1%T2+0.4)/1.4))
                                               9010 GRAPHICS 2:OPEN #1,4,0,"K:":POKE 75
326 T1=SIN((23+X)%F3):T2=SIN((27+X)%F7)
                                               2,1
330 E(P)=ABS((A2X%(T1%T2+0.4)/1.4))
                                                9020 SETCOLOR 0.8,10:SETCOLOR 2,0,0
331 T1=SIN((Z4+X)%F4):T2=SIN((Z84X)%F8)
                                               9030 PRINT #6/CR$/CR$/CR$/
332 R(P)=A88((A2Y%(T1%T2+0.4)/1.4))
                                                9050 PRINT #6;"
                                                                  CRYSTALS"
338 IF P=74 THEN SETCOLOR 1, TINT, LUM: COL
                                                9060 PRINT #5;""
                                                $870 PRINT #6:" by dynacome"
9880 PRINT "Please Wart ....."
340 P=P+1:NEXT X
350 RETURN
                                                9090 POKE 752,0:RETURN
```